To,
The Additional Secretary,
Governor's Secretariat, Bihar

Sub: Submission of revised copy of M.Sc. Physics syllabus under CBCS

Sir,

With reference to Chancellor Secretariat letter no. BSU (Regulation) - 20/2018-1510/GS(1) dated 05.06.2018 the revised copy of M. Sc. Physics syllabus under CBCS is enclosed herewith for your kind perusal. The soft copy has been sent to the email id ss.gs-bih@nic.in

Thanking you,

Dolly Sinha
Pro VC, Patna University, Patna

Ashok Kumar Jha
Asstt. Prof. Physics
Patna Science College,
Patna University, Patna
SYLLABUS FOR M.Sc. IN PHYSICS
UNDER
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)
(To be effective from 2018 -19)

UNIVERSITIES OF BIHAR
&
PATNA UNIVERSITY
OUTLINE OF THE CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) for PG degree courses:

It consists of a number of courses i.e. Core Course (CC), Elective Course (EC), Discipline Specific Elective Course (DSE), Ability Enhancement Courses (AEC), and Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses (AECC). Each course is equivalent to a paper. The nature of these courses is defined below.

1.1 Core Course (CC):

A course which should compulsorily be studied by a candidate as a core requirement on the basis of subject of M.Sc. studies and is termed as a Core course.

1.2 Elective Course (EC):

Generally a course which can be chosen from a pool of courses (Basket) and which may be very specific or specialized or advanced or supportive to the subject/discipline of study or which provides an extended scope or which enables an exposure to some other subject/discipline/domain or nurtures the candidate's proficiency/skill is called an Elective Course.

1.3 Discipline Specific Elective Course (DSE):

Elective courses may be offered by the main discipline/subject of study is referred to as Discipline Specific Elective. The University/Institute may also offer discipline related Elective courses of interdisciplinary nature (to be offered by main discipline/subject of study).

1.4 Generic Elective (GE) Course:

An elective course chosen generally from an unrelated discipline/subject, with an intention to seek exposure is called a Generic Elective.

P.S.: A core course offered in a discipline/subject may be treated as an elective by other discipline/subject and vice versa and such electives may also be referred to as Generic Elective.

1.5 Ability Enhancement Courses (AEC):

The Ability Enhancement Courses (AEC) / Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC). “AEC” courses are the courses based upon the content that leads to life skill enhancement.

1.6 Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses (AECC):

University will run a number of Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses (AECC) which is qualifying in nature and student from all faculties have to qualify in all such courses.

1.7 Dissertation/Project/Internship/Industrial Training/Field Work:

Elective courses are designed to acquire advanced knowledge to supplement/support the main subject through project work/internship/industrial training/field work. A student studies such a course on his/her own with mentoring support by a teacher/faculty member called the guide/
supervisor. In case of internship/industrial training the student will work under the joint guidance of one teacher-supervisor from the parent department to be termed as Supervisor-1 and one suitably qualified personnel at the research institute/research laboratory/industrial organization, to be termed as Supervisor-2. A student may join any recognized research institute/research laboratory/the industrial organization with the approval of parent department. The student has to work for a minimum number of days/hour as decided by the parent department. On completion of the project work/training at the research institute/research laboratory/industrial organization, student will submit a written project report certified by both supervisors to the parent department. Supervisor-2 will issue a letter certifying that the candidate has successfully completed the project and also award marks/grade to him/her. The certificate will be submitted to the parent department confidentially. The Board of Courses of Studies (BOCS) of the concerned subject/department will draft and design the certificate and other documents as per requirement. The parent department will also assist the students to choose proper organizations for their project work/industrial training/field work etc.

2.0 CREDIT

The total minimum credits, required for completing a PG program is 100.
The details of credits for individual components and individual courses are given in Table 1.

**Table 1: Structure of the 2 Yrs (Four Semesters) Post Graduate Degree course under CBCS:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Semester</th>
<th>No of COURSE / Papers</th>
<th>Credit per COURSE/ paper</th>
<th>Total credit</th>
<th>Minimum No of Learning Hours#</th>
<th>No of CORE COURSE/ PAPER</th>
<th>No of ELECTIVE Course/ PAPER</th>
<th>Code &amp; Nature of Elective Course/ paper</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>05</td>
<td>05</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>AECC-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>SEMESTER BREAK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>06</td>
<td>05</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>AEC-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>SEMESTER BREAK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>III</td>
<td>06</td>
<td>05</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>AECC-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>SEMESTER BREAK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IV</td>
<td>03</td>
<td>05</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>EC -1* EC -2* DSE-1 or GE-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>20</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# For Tutorial (T)/ Practical (P)/ Field Work (FW)/ Internship etc. extra working hour to be added as per requirement and will be decided by the BOCS of the respective subject.

* The two Elective Courses (EC) to be studied in semester IV may be

- Both theory papers
- One Theory paper and One Practical paper
- One Theory paper and One Project work
- One Theory paper and One Field work
- Both Project work/ Internship

IMP: It is desirable that all students of all courses be given adequate exposure over and above the classroom teaching to enhance the scope of skill development/ entrepreneurship and employability.

2.1 There shall be six elective courses - two EC, one DSE or one GE, two AECC, one AEC. Students may opt for any elective course out of a list of elective papers (Basket) offered by the parent department or any other department/s as per his/her choice with the prior permission of the parent department. The list of elective papers, syllabus and prerequisite of the elective course will be as decided by the Board of Courses of Studies (BOCS) of the concerned subject/ department. All elective course listed may not be available in all semesters. Based on the availability of resource persons and infrastructure the parent department will assist the students to select elective courses of their choice.

2.2 The final CGPA/ class will be decided on the performance of the student in the 16 courses / papers including the 14 Core Courses (CC) / papers and two EC / papers.

2.3 The one DSE or one GE, two AECC, one AEC papers will be qualifying in nature and a student has to score at least 45% marks in these papers. Grade will be awarded separately for these courses, however, performance in these elective courses/ papers will not be considered for awarding the final CGPA/ class.

2.4 Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses (AECC):

University will run two Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses (AECC) which are qualifying in nature and a student has to qualify in both these courses. The courses are:

- AECC-1: Environmental Sustainability (3 Credit) & Swachchha Bharat Abhiyan Activities (2 Credit)
- AECC-2: Human Values & Professional Ethics (3 Credit) & Gender Sensitization (2 Credit)

Students will do assignments/project work related to institutional social responsibilities including Swachchha Bharat Abhiyan Activities during SEMESTER BREAK.
2.5 University will run a number of **Ability Enhancement Courses** (AEC) and Skill Enhancement Courses; a student can choose one from these. For example:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Basket Ability Enhancement Courses (AEC)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Computers and IT Skill</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Web Designing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Financial Risk Management/</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Solid waste Management/</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Mushroom Culture/</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Bio-fertilizer production/</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Environmental Law/</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Tourism and Hospitality Management/</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Life-skill and skill development /</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Yoga Studies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>etc.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.6 **Discipline Specific Elective (DSE):**

In each subject the CC / paper -5 being taught in the second semester will be open to be selected as a DSE paper. In the first phase a student will be allowed to choose a paper from any subject other than his/ her Core Course (CC) from the same faculty in the same university.

2.7 **Generic Elective (GE) Course:**

University will run a number of **Generic Elective Courses** (GE); a student can choose one from these. For example:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Basket of GE courses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Music</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Dramatics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Fine Arts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Graphic Design</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Inclusive Policies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Human Rights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Any course run by any department</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5
M.Sc. PHYSICS
(Four Semester Course)

PROGRAM OBJECTIVES:
1. To develop strong student competencies in Physics and its applications in a technology-rich, interactive environment.
2. To develop strong student skills in the research, analysis and interpretation of complex information
3. To prepare the students to successfully compete for employment in Electronics, Manufacturing and Teaching industry.
4. To develop human resource with a solid foundation in theoretical and experimental aspects of respective specializations as a preparation for career in academia and industry.

Course Structure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>E.S.E.</th>
<th>C.I.A.</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MPHYCC-1</td>
<td>Classical Mechanics</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPHYCC-2</td>
<td>Mathematical Physics</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPHYCC-3</td>
<td>Quantum Mechanics</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPHYCC-4</td>
<td>Lab-I</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPHYAEC-1</td>
<td>Environmental Sustainability (3 Credits) and Swachchha Bharat Abhiyan Activities (2 Credits)</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>E.S.E.</th>
<th>C.I.A.</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MPHYCC-5</td>
<td>Modeling and Simulation</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPHYCC-6</td>
<td>Electrodynamics and Plasma Physics</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPHYCC-7</td>
<td>Electronics I</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPHYCC-8</td>
<td>Statistical Mechanics</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPHYCC-9</td>
<td>Lab-II</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Subject</td>
<td>Credits</td>
<td>E.S.E.</td>
<td>C.I.A.</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td>-------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPHAYEC-1</td>
<td>Any one of the followings:</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Computers and IT Skill</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Web Designing</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Financial Risk Management /</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Solid waste Management /</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Mushroom Culture /</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Bio-fertilizer production /</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Environmental Law /</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Tourism &amp; Hospitality Management /</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Lifeskill &amp; skill development /</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Yoga Studies</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Semester III (July to December)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>E.S.E.</th>
<th>C.I.A.</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MPHYCC-10</td>
<td>Atomic and Molecular Physics</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPHYCC-11</td>
<td>Condensed Matter Physics</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPHYCC-12</td>
<td>Electronics II</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPHYCC-13</td>
<td>Nuclear and Particle Physics</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPHYCC-14</td>
<td>Lab-III</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPHYAEC-2</td>
<td>Human Values and Professional Ethics (3 Credit) and Gender Sensitization (2 Credit)</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Semester IV (January to June)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>E.S.E.</th>
<th>C.I.A.</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MPHYE-1</td>
<td>Elective Paper I</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPHYE-2</td>
<td>Elective Paper II Part 1: Practical – 50 marks</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Part 2: Dissertation – 50 marks</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For MPHYDSE-1, in each subject the CC / paper -5 being taught in the second semester will be open to be selected as a DSE paper. In the first phase a student will be allowed to choose a paper from any subject other than his/ her Core Course (CC) from the same faculty in the same university.
For MPHYG-1, a student can choose any one from the following:
- Music
- Dramatics
- Fine Arts
- Graphic Design
- Inclusive Policies
- Human Rights
- Any course run by any department

---

### Elective-I Code: PHYEC-1
Elective Theory Papers for Semester 4 (One to be selected from the following set of 10 options)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>E.S.E.</th>
<th>C.I.A.</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MPHYEC-1</td>
<td>Advanced Quantum Mechanics</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Advanced Condensed Matter Physics</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Atmospheric Physics</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Biophysics</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Lasers and Photonics</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Measurement and Instrumentation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Computational Methods</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Nano Science</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Plasma Physics</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Crystal Physics and X-Ray Crystallography</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Energy Science</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Environmental Physics</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

### Elective-II Code: MPHYEC-2
Part 1: Practical on any one of the topics from the set of following options:
Part 2: Dissertation on any topic on Physics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>E.S.E.</th>
<th>C.I. A.</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Part 1</td>
<td>Advanced Quantum Mechanics</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Advanced Condensed Matter Physics</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Atmospheric Physics</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Biophysics</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Lasers and Photonics</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Marks and Workload Distribution

Each paper will be of 100 marks. End Semester Examination (ESE) will carry 70 marks.

**Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) will carry 30 marks**

- Pass marks in every semester paper is 45%.
- Aggregate mark in a semester must be at least 45% for clearing the subject papers of each semester.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total Credit</th>
<th>Semester I - 25 credit</th>
<th>Semester II - 30 credit</th>
<th>Semester III - 30 credit</th>
<th>Semester IV - 15 credit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 credit is equivalent to 10 theory hours or 20 laboratory hours.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Theory Paper</th>
<th>Credit - 05</th>
<th>Total Marks - 100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Type of Examination</td>
<td>Duration</td>
<td>Question Papers and Details of Evaluation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>End Semester Examination [Written] (70 Marks)</td>
<td>3 Hours</td>
<td>Group A: Multiple Choice type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Group B: Short Answer type (5 questions, one from each unit)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Group C: Long Answer Type (5 questions one from each unit)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuous Internal Assessment [CIA] (30 marks)</td>
<td>1 Hour</td>
<td>Mid-semester Test - 02 (written) (each of 7.5 mark)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Group A: Multiple Choice Type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Group B: Short Answer Type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practical Paper</td>
<td>Credit – 05</td>
<td>Total Marks: 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assignment</td>
<td>05</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seminar/Quiz</td>
<td>05</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attendance, Punctuality &amp; Conduct</td>
<td>05</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

End Semester Examination (ESE) 6 Hours
1 Experiment to be performed
70

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA)
30

Elective Practical and presentation of Dissertation
6 Hours
1 Experiment to be performed plus Dissertation presentation
35+35
70

CIA of Practical and Dissertation
15+15
30

**Program Outcomes:**
The recent developments in Physics, has been included in the enriched M.Sc.(Physics) Syllabus to meet the present day needs of Academic and Research Institutions and Industries. An important objective of the course is to develop an understanding of ‘core physics’ at deeper levels, each stage revealing new phenomena and greater insight into the behavior of matter and radiation. The various courses in the first two semesters, are designed to bridge the gap between college and university level physics and to bring all students to a common point. These courses also aim to consolidate the college level knowledge of physics by providing much more logical and analytical framework which will be essential for the specialization courses in the third and fourth semesters. After the completion of their M.Sc. Students will have:

1. Strong analytical abilities.
2. Qualities needed for teaching of Science and doing research.
3. Knowledge of theoretical as well as experimental areas of Physics.
4. Capabilities to generate self-employment.
5. Computational Skill and ICT development.

******************************************
SEMESTER I

MPHYCC-1: Classical Mechanics (5 Credits)

Course objectives:
1. To give students a solid foundation in classical mechanics.
2. To introduce general methods of studying the dynamics of particle systems.
3. To give experience in using mathematical techniques for solving practical problems
4. To apprise the students of Lagrangian and Hamiltonian formulations and their applications.
5. To apprise the students regarding the concepts of electrodynamics and its use in various situations.

The End Semester Examination will be of 3 hour duration and will carry 70 marks. The Question paper will be divided into three parts A, B and C. Part A will have ten compulsory questions (multiple choice type) covering the whole syllabus with 2 from each unit (10 X 2 = 20). Part B will have five short answer questions, with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any four out of them (4 X 5 = 20). Part C will have five long answer questions with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any three out of them (3 X 10 = 30).


Unit 2: Canonical transformations and Hamilton Jacobi theory: Generating function, canonical transformation and its examples, group property. Lagrange and Poisson brackets and other canonical invariants, equation of motions, Infinitesimal canonical theorem in Poisson bracket formalism, Jacobi identity, Angular momentum- Poisson bracket relations. The Hamilton-Jacobi equation for Hamilton's principal and characteristic functions with example; the harmonic oscillator. Separation of variable in Hamilton-Jacobi equation; Action-angle variables and its examples – the Kepler problem in action-angle variables.

Unit 3: Central Force Motion and Rigid Body: Reduction to one-body problem, General Properties of central force, Effective potential, Motion in a central force field – general solution, Inverse Square Law force. Kepler's Laws – laws of gravitation form Kepler's laws, Virial theorem. Scattering in a central force field and in Laboratory Co-ordinates. The rigid bodies, Kinematics of rigid body motion, Orthogonal transformations, Euler's theorem and its applications. Finite and infinitesimal rotations, rate of change of a vector, the rigid body equation of motion, Coriolis effect, angular momentum and kinetic energy of motion about a point, the inertia tensor and the moment of inertia, the principal axis transformation, the Euler equations of motion.

Unit 4: Small Oscillation: Formulation of the problem, the eigenvalue equation and the principal axis transformation, frequencies of free vibrations and normal coordinates, forced vibrations and the effect of dissipative forces. Resonance and beats.
Unit 5: Relativity: Review of special theory of relativity - Lorentz transformations; 4-vectors, 4-dimensional velocity and acceleration; 4-momentum and 4-force; Covariant equations of motion; Relativistic kinematics (decay and elastic scattering); Lagrangian and Hamiltonian of a relativistic particle. General theory of relativity: Curved space-time; Eotvos experiment and the equivalence principle.

Course Outcomes:
1. Know the difference between Newtonian mechanics and Analytic mechanics
2. Solve the mechanics problems using Lagrangian formalism, a different method from Newtonian mechanics
3. Understand the connection between classical mechanics and quantum mechanics from Hamiltonian formalism
4. Understanding of basic concepts of special and general theory of relativity

References:
MPHYCC-2 Mathematical Physics (5 Credits)

Course Objectives:
1. To develop knowledge in mathematical physics and its applications.
2. To develop expertise in mathematical techniques that are required in physics.
3. To enhance problem solving skills
4. To give the ability to formulate, interpret and draw inferences from mathematical solutions.

The End Semester Examination will be of 3 hour duration and will carry 70 marks. The Question paper will be divided into three parts A, B and C. Part A will have ten compulsory questions (multiple choice type) covering the whole syllabus with 2 from each unit (10 X 2 = 20). Part B will have five short answer questions, with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any four out of them (4 X 5 = 20). Part C will have five long answer questions with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any three out of them (3 X 10 = 30).

Unit 1: Linear Differential equations and special functions:
Linear Differential Equations, Power series solutions; Special Functions: Hermite, Legendre, Bessel, Laguerre Polynomials; Fourier and Laplace Transforms.

Unit 2: Elements of Complex analysis:
Analytic functions, Taylor and Laurent series, calculus of residues, nature of singularities, Evaluation of definite integrals, Jordan's lemma

Unit 3: Green's Function
Green's Function, Dirac Delta Function, Properties and applications

Unit 4: Group Theory:
Groups, subgroups, cosets, invariant subgroups, factor groups, homomorphism and isomorphism, orthogonality theorems, Continuous groups with special reference to O(3), SU(2),SU(3).

Unit 5: Elementary Tensor Analysis
Coordinate transformations, Contravariant and covariant vectors, Contravariant, covariant and mixed tensors, tensor fields, symmetric and skew symmetric tensors, fundamental operations with tensors, metric tensor, conjugate tensors, and associated tensors

Course Outcome:
1. Master the basic elements of complex mathematical analysis
2. Solve differential equations that are common in physical sciences
3. Apply group theory and integral transforms to solve mathematical problems of interest in Physics
4. Understanding how to use special functions in various physics problems
References:
Course Objectives:

1. To illustrate the inadequacy of classical theories and the need for a quantum theory
2. To explain the basic principles of quantum mechanics
3. To develop solid and systematic problem solving skills.
4. To apply quantum mechanics to simple systems occurring in atomic and solid state physics

The End Semester Examination will be of 3 hour duration and will carry 70 marks. The Question paper will be divided into three parts A, B and C. Part A will have ten compulsory questions (multiple choice type) covering the whole syllabus with atleast one from each unit (10 X 2 = 20). Part B will have six short answer questions, with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any four out of them (4 X 5 = 20). Part C will have six long answer questions with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any three out of them (3 X 10 = 30).


Unit 2: Mathematical Foundations:
Linear vector spaces, dimensionality, basis, eigenvalue equations, orthogonality and completeness conditions; Observables, Dirac’s Bra and Ket notation, Properties of Hermitian operators, unitary and similarity transformation; Operators, Fourier Transform, Wave function as a vector in Hilbert space, Superposition principle; Representations. Relation between ket and wave function, Eigenvalue spectrum of linear momentum and its wave functions; Transformation between coordinate and momentum representations, Ehrenfest Theorem.

Unit 3: Quantum Dynamics:
Schrodinger, Heisenberg and Interaction pictures; Linear Harmonic Oscillator solution using Schrodinger picture and Heisenberg picture (Matrix Mechanics), Angular Momentum, spin and parity operators: symmetry and conservation principle, definition of angular momentum, ladder operators, allowed values, construction of angular momentum matrices; Spin and Pauli spin matrices; Coupling of angular momentum, C.G. Coefficients.

Unit 4: Perturbation theory:


Unit 6: Relativistic quantum mechanics: The Klein-Gordon (KG) equation – Charged particle in an electromagnetic field, Interpretation of the KG equation, Dirac equation, free particle solution, equation of continuity, Plane wave solutions of the Dirac equation, Non-relativistic limit of the Dirac equation, Fine structure of Hydrogen.
Course Outcome:

1. To have a working knowledge of the foundations, techniques and key results of quantum mechanics
2. To comprehend basic quantum mechanical applications at the research level
3. Gain an ability to competently explain/teach quantum physics to others

References:

MPHYCC–4 Lab-1 (5 Credits)

Course Objectives:
1. To make the student familiarize with the basics of experimental physics.
2. To enable the student to explore the concepts involved in the thermodynamics and heat
3. To make the student understand the basic concepts in modern optics
4. To allow the student to understand the fundamentals of instruments involved

List of experiments (minimum 12):
1. Measurement of Hall Coefficient of given semiconductor: identification of type of semiconductor and estimation of charge carrier concentration
2. Young’s modulus – Elliptical fringe method
3. Young’s modulus – Hyperbolic fringe method
4. Four Probe Method – Determination of resistivity of semiconductor at different temperatures
5. Determination of Ultrasonic velocity in given liquid for a fixed frequency
6. Determination of optical absorption coefficient and determination of refractive index of the liquids using He-Ne / Laser
7. Measurement of laser parameters using He – Ne laser / diode laser
8. Refractive index of liquids / Using – He-Ne laser / Diode laser
9. Determination of wavelength of a laser by Michelson Interferometer method
10. Determination of semiconductor band gap
11. Thermistor – Determination of energy gap
12. Determination of numerical aperture of an optical fiber
14. Determination of operating voltage of a GM tube and determine the linear absorption coefficient and verify inverse square law.
15. Determination of operating voltage of a GM tube and verify inverse – square law
16. Direct reading of Zeeman effect (e/m of an electron) with a laser source
17. Compact microwave training system Experiment
18. Stefan’s constant.
19. Susceptibility – Guoy and Quincke’s methods.

Course Outcome:
At the end of the course,
1. The student should have knowledge of the different experimental techniques.
2. The student should have understood the basics of physics involved in experiments
3. The student should be able to apply the concepts of physics and do the interpretation and acquire the result.
SEMESTER II

MPHYCC-5 Modeling and simulation (5 Credits)
Inter disciplinary in nature. Recommended
to be selected by students of other programme as DSE 1/ GE

Course Objectives:
1. To encourage students to "discover" physics in a way how physicists learn by doing research.
2. To address analytically intractable problems in physics using computational tools.
3. To enhance the various computational technique with programming basic in C++/Python/ Java to face the world of problems using high performance iteration techniques.
4. To show how physics can be applied in a much broader context than discussed in traditional curriculum.

The End Semester Examination will be of 3 hour duration and will carry 70 marks. The Question paper will be divided into three parts A, B and C. Part A will have ten compulsory questions (multiple choice type) covering the whole syllabus (10 X 2 = 20). Part B will have five short answer questions, with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any four out of them (4 X 5 = 20). Part C will have five long answer questions with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any three out of them (3 X 10 = 30).

Unit 1: Object oriented Programming language
Object oriented paradigm with reference to C++: Objects and classes, Encapsulation and data abstraction, Delegation; Inheritance, Polymorphism: function and operator overloading, dynamic binding; message communication; Elementary idea about Fortran, Java and Python (Basic features only).

Unit 2: Programming with Python:
Program development, Variables, Expressions and statements, Functions, Conditionals and Recursion, Iteration, Strings, Lists, Dictionaries, Tuples, Files, Types of errors and Debugging, Function Libraries, Numpy, Scipy, Matplotlib, Use of Scilab and R for scientific programming.

Unit 3: ODE and PDE:
ODE: RK method, Leap Frog method; Application to electron motion in electric and magnetic fields; Non-linear equations; PDE: Elliptic equations: Poisson equation; Hyperbolic equations: wave equation; Parabolic equation: Diffusion equation for Lagrangian fluids.

Unit 4: Matrix Problems
Jacobi method for matrix inversion; Techniques for solving eigenvalue problems

Unit 5: Monte Carlo method and simulation
Random number generators, Monte Carlo integration, Metropolis algorithm, Ising model, Molecular dynamic.
Course Outcome:
At the end of this course, students will be able to
1. Learn how to interpret and analyze data visually, both during and after computation.
2. Gain an ability to apply physical principles to real-world problems.
3. Acquire a working knowledge of basic research methodologies, data analysis and interpretation.
4. Understand various simulation techniques which can be used in future by students to analyse the data.

References:
Course Objectives:

1. To apprise the students regarding the concepts of electrodynamics and its use in various situations.

The End Semester Examination will be of 3 hour duration and will carry 70 marks. The Question paper will be divided into three parts A, B and C. Part A will have ten compulsory questions (multiple choice type) covering the whole syllabus with 2 from each unit (10 X 2 = 20). Part B will have five short answer questions, with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any four out of them (4 X 5 = 20). Part C will have five long answer questions with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any three out of them (3 X 10 = 30).

Unit 1: Electromagnetic wave equation and field vectors: Maxwell's equations in free space. Plane wave in free space. Dispersion of electromagnetic waves, Poyning vector in free space. Polarization of electromagnetic waves, electric field vector in terms of scalar and vector potential, Wave equation in terms of scalar and vector potential.

Unit 2: Electromagnetic waves and its Interaction with matter on macroscopic scale: Electromagnetic waves(EMW) in free space, propagation of EMW-in isotropic, anisotropic dielectrics, in conducting media; Boundary conditions, reflection and refraction of EMW, Fresnel formulae, Brewster's law and degree of polarization, total internal reflection and critical angle, reflection from a metallic surface, Propagation of EMW between conducting planes, Wave guides: TE and TM mode, Transmission lines, Rectangular and cylindrical wave guides, cavity resonator

Unit 3: Fields of moving charges and Radiating System: Retarded Potentials, Lienard Wiechert potentials, field of a point charge in uniform rectilinear motion, in arbitrary motion, Radiation from an accelerated charged particle at low and high velocity. Radiating System: Oscillating electric dipole, radiation from an oscillating dipole, from a small current element, from a linear antenna, Antenna arrays

Unit 4. Relativistic Electrodynamics: Transformation equation for current density and charge density, vector potential and scalar potentials, the electromagnetic field tensor, transformation equation for electric and magnetic field, Covariance of Maxwell equation in four tensor form, covariance of Maxwell and transformation law of Lorentz force.


Course Outcomes:

Students will have understanding of:

1. Time-varying fields and Maxwell equations.
2. Various concepts of electromagnetic waves.
3. Radiation from localized time varying sources, and the charged particle dynamics.
References:


**MPHYCC-7 Electronics I (5 Credits)**

**Course Objectives:**
1. To make the student familiarize with the basics of electronics.
2. To enable the student to explore the concepts involved in the oscillators.
3. To make the student understand the basic concepts in IC and digital devices.
4. To allow the student to understand the fundamentals of multivibrators.
5. To provide in-depth theoretical base of Digital Electronics.

The End Semester Examination will be of 3 hour duration and will carry 70 marks. The Question paper will be divided into three parts A, B and C. Part A will have ten compulsory questions (multiple choice type) covering the whole syllabus with 2 from each unit (10 X 2 = 20). Part B will have five short answer questions, with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any four out of them (4 X 5 = 20). Part C will have five long answer questions with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any three out of them (3 X 10 = 30).

**Unit 1: Semiconductor devices:** BJT, JFET, MOSFET (Enhancement and depletion types), UJT, SCR, TUNNEL Diode, Zener Diode: Structure, working and characteristics.

**Unit 2: Amplifiers and feedback:** BJT biasing, design of a CE transistor amplifier, small signal model, emitter follower, Negative feedback and its properties (effect of feedback on different parameters), types of feedback; Oscillators: Principles, Barkhausen criterion, frequency stability, phase shift oscillator, Wien bridge oscillator.

**Unit 3: Operational Amplifiers:** Operational amplifier block diagram, ideal and practical op-amp characteristics; Op amp circuits: inverting and non-inverting amplifier, adder, subtractor; differentiator, integrator, current to voltage converter, first order active filters.

**Unit 4: Digital Electronics:** Number systems and codes, binary arithmetic, logic gates: AND, OR, NAND, NOR, NOT, XOR. Boolean algebra theorems, De-morgan’s theorems, Minterm and Maxterm representation, simplification using Boolean algebra theorems and K-maps, half and full adders, flip-flops - RS, JK. Elementary ideas of Registers, counters, comparators.

**Unit 5: Microprocessor and microcontroller:** Microcomputer Block Diagram, System Buses, 8085 Microprocessors, architecture and operation, Assembly language Instructions (classification only). 8051 Microcontroller Architecture, Ports and elementary idea of interfacing.

**Course Outcomes:**
Students will have understanding of:
1. Fundamental designing concepts of different types of Logic Gates, Minimization techniques etc.
2. Designing of different types of the Digital circuits, and to give the computational details for Digital Circuits.
3. Characteristics of devices like PNP, and NPN junction diode and truth tables of different logic gates.
4. Basic elements and to measure their values with multimeter and their characteristic study.
5. How to construct electronic circuit

References:
MPHYCC-8 Statistical Mechanics (5 Credits)

Course Objectives:
1. The course is to understand the basics of Thermodynamics and Statistical systems.
2. Understand the various laws of thermodynamics
3. Acquire the knowledge of various statistical distributions.
4. To comprehend the concepts of Enthalpy, phase transitions and thermodynamic functions.

The End Semester Examination will be of 3 hour duration and will carry 70 marks. The Question paper will be divided into three parts A, B and C. Part A will have ten compulsory questions (multiple choice type) covering the whole syllabus (10 X 2 = 20). Part B will have five short answer questions, with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any four out of them (4 X 5 = 20). Part C will have five long answer questions with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any three out of them (3 X 10 = 30).

Unit 1: The statistical basis of thermodynamics: Postulates of classical statistical mechanics, macroscopic and microscopic states, Phase space, Ensemble- microcanonical, canonical and grand canonical, Statistical equilibrium, density distribution of phase point, Liouville’s theorem.

Unit 2: Ideal classical gas: Partition function of a classical ideal gas, thermodynamical potentials in terms of partition function for an ideal monoatomic gas in microcanonical and grand canonical ensembles, entropy of mixing and Gibbs paradox, Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution law, entropy of monoatomic gas.

Unit 3: Quantum statistics and Applications I: Density matrix, quantum ensembles, ideal Bose gas, Bose condensation, liquid He II, superfluidity and Landau’s theory.


Course Outcome:
At the end of this course, students will be able to
1. Basic knowledge of thermodynamic systems
2. Understand the basic idea about statistical distributions
3. Impart the knowledge about the phase transitions and potentials
4. Understand the applications of statistical laws
References:

3. Thermodynamics and Statistical mechanics, author by John m. seddon and Julian d. gale, 3rd edition, RSC publication, 2001, UK
MPHYCC-9 Lab-II (5 Credits)

Course Objectives:
1. To encourage students to "discover" physics in a way how physicists learn by doing research.
2. To address analytically intractable problems in physics using computational tools.
3. To enhance the various computational technique with programming basic in C to face the world of problems using high performance iteration techniques.
4. To show how physics can be applied in a much broader context than discussed in traditional curriculum.

PROGRAMMING NUMERICAL METHODS USING C LANGUAGE (any 8):

1. To find mean, standard deviation and frequency distribution of an actual data set from any physics experiment.
2. Successive approximation (Method of Iteration), Newton Raphson method
3. The Bisection method
4. Gauss Elimination method
5. Matrix Inversion, Lagrange’s Interpolation formula
6. Trapezoidal Rule, Simpson’s 1/3-rule
7. Euler’s method, Runge-Kutta method (Fourth Order)
8. Predictor corrector methods
9. To find mean, standard deviation and frequency distribution of an actual data set from any physics experiment.
10. To find the area of a unit circle by Monte Carlo integration.
11. To simulate the random walk.

Course Outcome:

At the end of this course, students will be able to
1. Understand the basic idea about finding solutions using computational methods basics.
2. Learn how to interpret and analyze data visually, both during and after computation.
3. Gain an ability to apply physical principles to real-world problems.
4. Acquire a working knowledge of basic research methodologies, data analysis and interpretation.
5. Realize the impact of physics in the global/societal context.
SEMESTER III

MPHYCC-10 Atomic and Molecular Physics, Lasers (5 Credits)

Course Objectives:
1. Objective of this course is to learn atomic, molecular and spin resonance spectroscopy.
2. To understand mechanism and working of lasers.
3. To be able to understand atomic and molecular transitions and selection rules.
4. To understand the Raman effect and its applications

The End Semester Examination will be of 3 hour duration and will carry 70 marks. The Question paper will be divided into three parts A, B and C. Part A will have ten compulsory questions (multiple choice type) covering the whole syllabus with 2 from each unit (10 X 2 = 20). Part B will have five short answer questions, with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any four out of them (4 X 5 = 20). Part C will have five long answer questions with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any three out of them (3 X 10 = 30).

Intensity, Shape and width of spectral lines, Independent particle model, He atom as an approximation for many electron atomic systems, Slater determinants to write possible multiplets.

Unit 2: Electronic and Molecular Spectra: Molecule as non-rigid rotator, Anharmonic Oscillator (vibration-rotation system), Frank Condon Principle, NMR and ESR. Spectra/Vibration of Polyatomic molecule, Electronic spectra of polyatomic molecules, Chemical analysis by electronic spectroscopy, Spectra of Hydrogen Molecule

Unit 3: Molecular Potential: Concept of Molecular Potential, Separation of electronic and nuclear wave function, Born-Oppenheimer approximation and its breakdown, Analysis by infrared techniques, Molecular orbital theory, LCAO approximation theories.

Unit 4: Raman and Spin Resonance Spectroscopy: Vibrational and pure rotational Raman spectra, Structure determination, Raman and Infrared spectroscopic Technique and instrumentation


Course Outcomes:

Students will have understanding of:

1. Atomic spectroscopy of one and two valance electron atoms.
2. The change in behavior of atoms in external applied electric and magnetic field.
3. Rotational, vibrational, electronic and Raman spectra of molecules.
4. Electron spin and nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy.
5. Principle, working and applications of laser

References:

3. G. Aruldhas, Molecular structure and Spectroscopy, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2001
Course Objectives:

1. To study some of the basic properties of the condensed phase of materials especially solids.
2. To study electrical and magnetic properties of solids
3. To understand superconductivity and various properties of semiconductors

The End Semester Examination will be of 3 hour duration and will carry 70 marks. The Question paper will be divided into three parts A, B and C. Part A will have ten compulsory questions (multiple choice type) covering the whole syllabus with 2 from each unit (10 X 2 = 20). Part B will have five short answer questions, with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any four out of them (4 X 5 = 20). Part C will have five long answer questions with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any three out of them (3 X 10 = 30).

Unit 1: Crystal structure: Reciprocal lattice and applications, Brillouin Zones, Laue equations and Bragg’s law. Laue and powder diffraction; Structure factor, atomic form factor, Intensity of diffraction maxima, extinctions due to Lattice centering.

Unit 2: Electronic Properties: Motion of electron in periodic lattice, Bloch theorem, nearly free electron model, tight binding and cellular methods, effective mass, intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, Fermi Surface, Cyclotron resonance and de Haas–van Alphen effect

Unit 3: Magnetic Properties: Heisenberg model, molecular field theory, Spin waves and magnons, Curie-Weiss law for susceptibility, Theories of ferromagnetism, anti-ferromagnetism and ferrimagnetism.

Unit 4: Superconductivity: Meissner effect, London equation, Flux quantisation, Josephson effect, Crystal Defects: Point defects, line defects, planar faults, role of dislocations in Plastic deformation and crystal growth, colourcentres

Unit 5: Dielectric Properties: Microscopic concept of Dielectric polarisation, Langevin theory of polarisation, Clausius-Mossotti equation, Dielectrics in Alternating Field, Complex Dielectric constant and Dielectric loss, ferroelectricity, optical properties of crystals.

Course Outcomes:

Students will have understanding of:

1. Structures in solids and their determination using XRD.
2. Behavior of electrons in solids including the concept of energy bands and effect of the same on material properties.
3. Electrical, thermal, magnetic and dielectric properties of solids.

References:

1. Introduction to Solid State Physics, 3rd& 6th Editions. C. Kittel ,Wiley Publishing
MPHYCC-12 Electronics II (Analog and Digital Electronics) (5 Credits)

Course Objectives:

1. To understand the working of advanced semiconductor devices and digital circuits and the utility of OP-AMP
2. To learn the basics of integrated circuit fabrication, applications of timer IC-555 and building block of digital systems.

The End Semester Examination will be of 3 hour duration and will carry 70 marks (Pass Marks-28). The Question paper will be divided into three parts A, B and C. Part A will have ten compulsory questions (multiple choice type) covering the whole syllabus (10 X 2 = 20). Part B will have five short answer questions, with at least one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any four out of them (4 X 5 = 20). Part C will have five long answer questions with at least one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any three out of them (3 X 10 = 30).

Unit-1: Operational Amplifiers construction and other linear devices: Building blocks of an OP-AMP: Differential amplifier – dual input, balanced and unbalanced output amplifiers, current sources, current mirror, level translator, complementary symmetry output. 555 IC timer and its applications, Schmitt trigger. VCO and phase locked loops and their important applications.

Unit 2: OP-AMP applications: Instrumentation amplifier, logarithmic and exponential amplifiers, analog multiplication, comparators, astable and monostable multivibrators, half wave and full wave precision rectifiers, Active Filters – Second order Butterworth filters – LPF, HPF, narrow band and wide band, band-pass and band-reject filters.


Unit 4: Combinatorial logic II: Decoder, encoder, multiplexer, demultiplexer, D/A and A/D convertors.

Unit 4: Sequential Circuits: Master-slave JK flip-flop, D and T flip-flops, edge triggered flip-flops; Registers and Counters – Shift registers, Bidirectional registers, ripple counter, synchronous counter, up-down counter, decade counter, Johnson and Ring counter.

Course Outcomes:

Students will have understanding of:

1. Fundamental designing concepts of different types of Logic Gates, Minimization techniques etc.
2. Designing of different types of the Digital circuits, and to give the computational details for Digital Circuits.
3. Characteristics of devices like PNP, and NPN junction diode and truth tables of different logic gates.
4. Basic elements and to measure their values with multimeter and their characteristic study.
5. Working of Flip-flops, registers and counters.
References:

5. A. Mottershed, Semiconductor Devices and Applications, New Age Int Pub
7. S.M. Sze, Physics of Semiconductor Devices, Wiley-Eastern Ltd.,
MPHYCC-13 Nuclear and Particle Physics (5 Credits)

Course Objectives:

1. To study the general properties of nucleus
2. To study the nuclear forces and nuclear reactions.
3. To introduce the concept of elementary particles
4. To impart knowledge about basic nuclear physics properties and nuclear models for understanding of related reaction dynamics.

The End Semester Examination will be of 3 hour duration and will carry 70 marks. The Question paper will be divided into three parts A, B and C. Part A will have ten compulsory questions (multiple choice type) covering the whole syllabus (10 X 2 = 20). Part B will have five short answer questions, with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any four out of them (4 X 5 = 20). Part C will have five long answer questions with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any three out of them (3 X 10 = 30).

Unit 1: Nuclear forces: Exchange forces and tensor forces. Low energy nucleon- nucleon scattering, Effective range theory; Deuteron problem, high energy nucleon-nucleon scattering (Qualitative Discussion), Charge independence, spin dependence and charge symmetry of nuclear forces, Isospin formalism; Yukawa interactions

Unit 2: Nuclear reactions: Kinematics and conservation laws, Nuclear Reactions and Cross sections, Theory of Compound nucleus, Breit-Wigner single level formula, Mechanism of nuclear fission and fusion, Nuclear reactors

Unit 3: Nuclear models: (a) Single particle Shell model: Magic numbers, spin, parity, magnetic dipole moment, electric dipole moment, (b) The Nilsson unified model, (c) Collective model: vibrational and rotational states, $\beta$ and $\gamma$ bands

Unit 4: Nuclear decay: (a) Fermi theory of $\beta$ decay. allowed and forbidden transitions. Parity violation in $\beta$ decay and Helicity of neutrino, (b) Radiative transitions in nuclei ($\gamma$-decay), Spontaneous decay, internal conversion, Mossbauer Effect

Unit 5: Elementary Particle Physics: Conservation Laws and Symmetry, Strangeness, hypercharge, CPT invariance, Classification of elementary particles, SU(2) symmetry and its application to decay and scattering processes, SU(3) symmetry and the Quark model, Elementary idea of chromodynamics.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students can able to

1. Acquire basic knowledge about nuclear and particle physics
2. Develop the nuclear reactions and neutron physics.
3. Understand the nuclear fission and fusion reactions.
4. Impart the knowledge about the nuclear forces and elementary particles
References:

MPHYCC-14  Lab-III (5 Credits)

Course Objectives:
1. To make the student familiarize with the basics of electronics.
2. To enable the student to explore the concepts involved in the oscillators.
3. To make the student understand the basic concepts in IC and digital devices.
4. To allow the student to understand the fundamentals of multivibrators.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS (minimum 12)

1. Study of Transistor Bias Stability
2. Construction a single stage RC coupled amplifier using transistor and study its frequency response.
3. Construction of a two stage RC coupled amplifier using transistor and study its frequency response.
4. Study of Silicon Controlled Rectifier
5. Study the characteristics of UJT
6. Experiment on FET and MOSFET characterization and application as an amplifier
7. Construction of an Astable multivibrator circuit using OP AMP & 555 IC’s
8. Characteristics of Tunnel diode and Gunn diode
10. Construction of adder, subtracter, differentiator and integrator circuits using the given OP – Amp
11. Construction of an A/D converter circuit and study its performance
12. Construction of an D/A converter circuit and study its performance
15. Design of Nehimm’s Trigger using IC’s 741 and 555 timer – study of frequency divides.
16. Flip flops – RS, JK and D flip flops
17. Shift register and Photo diode characteristics
18. Study of counters: Ripple, Mode 3, Mod 5 counters
19. Photo – diode characteristics
20. Photo – transistor characteristics
21. Analog computer circuit design – solving the simultaneous equations.
22. Multiplexer and Demultiplexer
23. Decoders and Encoders

Course Outcome:
At the end of the course,
1. The student will have a knowledge on the different experimental techniques involved in electronics.
2. The student should be able to independently construct the circuits.
3. The student should be able to apply the concepts of electronics and do the interpretation and acquire the result.
SEMESTER IV

MPHYEC-1 Elective Paper 1 (5 Credits)

One to be chosen from the following options:

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Advanced Quantum Mechanics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Advanced Condensed Matter Physics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Atmospheric Physics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Biophysics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Lasers and Photonics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>Measurement and Instrumentation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G</td>
<td>Computational</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>Nano Science</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>Plasma Physics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J</td>
<td>Crystal Physics and X-Ray Crystallography</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td>Energy Science</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L</td>
<td>Environmental Physics</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
MHYEC-1A  Advanced Quantum Mechanics (5 Credits)

Course Objectives:

1. To impart knowledge of advanced quantum mechanics for solving relevant physical problems.

The End Semester Examination will be of 3 hour duration and will carry 70 marks. The Question paper will be divided into three parts A, B and C. Part A will have ten compulsory questions (multiple choice type) covering the whole syllabus (10 X 2 = 20). Part B will have five short answer questions, with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any four out of them (4 X 5 = 20). Part C will have five long answer questions with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any three out of them (3 X 10 = 30).

Unit 1: Theory of Scattering: Laboratory and centre of mass reference frames, Differential and total cross sections, scattering amplitudes using green's function, scattering by symmetric potential, Partial wave analysis, Phase shift, scattering amplitudes in terms of phase shift, optical theorem, scattering by square well potential and perfectly rigid sphere; Born approximation, its validity, application to square well potential and Yukawa potential

Units 2: Relativistic Quantum Mechanics: Postulates of Quantum Mechanics, Space time description of Schrodinger Wave Equation, Klein Gordon equation, Dirac equation, covariant form; Plane wave solution; Dirac interpretation of negative energy states and concept of antiparticles; Spin and magnetic moment of the electron, Non relativistic reduction. Helicity and chirality; Properties of γ matrices; Charge conjugation; Normalization and completeness of spinors.

Unit 3: Quantum Field Theory: Second quantization – Lagrangian field theory, Hamiltonian formulation, Quantization of scalar field. Quantization of complex scalar and “Schrodinger” field, Bosons and Fermions

Unit 4: Quantum Chromodynamics I: Introduction to quantum chromodynamics, Quark model

Unit 5: Quantum Chromodynamics II: Standard model, Grand Unified Theories,

Course Outcomes:
Students will have understanding of:
1. Importance of relativistic quantum mechanics compared to non-relativistic quantum mechanics.
2. Various tools to understand field quantization and related concepts.
3. Exposure to quantum field theory and universal interactions.

References:

Advanced Condensed Matter Physics (5 Credits)

Course Objectives:

1. The course is to understand the basic knowledge on crystal structures and systems
2. Understand the various process techniques available of X-Ray Crystallography
3. Acquire the knowledge of Lattice waves and Polaron
4. To comprehend the concepts of superconductivity and magnetic properties of solids.

The End Semester Examination will be of 3 hour duration and will carry 70 marks. The Question paper will be divided into three parts A, B and C. Part A will have ten compulsory questions (multiple choice type) covering the whole syllabus (10 X 2 = 20). Part B will have five short answer questions, with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any four out of them (4 X 5 = 20). Part C will have five long answer questions with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any three out of them (3 X 10 = 30).

Unit 1: Electron States: Hartree and Hartree-Fock approximations, correlation energy, Screening, plasma oscillations, Dielectric function of an electron gas in random phase approximation, limiting laws & Friedel Oscillation

Unit 2: Electron-electron interaction: Lindhard’s expression for wave length and frequency dependent dielectric constant. Static screening, Kohn effect

Unit 3: Superconductivity: Energy gap, Cooper pair, BCS theory, Ginzburg –Landau theory, Josephson junction and its application, Microscopic quantum interference, High temperature superconductivity

Unit 4: Magnetism: The band model for ferromagnetism and its temperature dependence, Ferrimagnetism, Antiferromagnetism, magnetism effects in nanomaterials.

Unit 5: Dielectric Properties: Theory of Dielectrics, Piezoelectricity, Ferroelectricity, Antiferroelectricity and their applications, Nano-structured Ferroelectric materials, Synthesis and Characterization principles of Ferroelectric nanomaterials, Multiferroic and Smart materials

Course Outcome:
At the end of this course, students will be able to
1. Basic knowledge of crystal structures and systems
2. Understand the basic idea about the Electronic Properties of Solids
3. Impart the knowledge about the properties magnetic Properties of Solids
4. Understand the applications of superconductivity.
References:
1. Introduction to Solid State Physics, 3rd & 6th Editions. C. Kittel, Wiley Publishing
Course Objectives:

1. To provide a keen knowledge on atmospheric behavior, description of air, stratification of mass, trace constituents, radiative equilibrium of the planet, global energy budget, and general circulation.

2. To provide a deep insight on physics of atmosphere, aerosols and clouds.

3. To understand the Short wave and long wave radiation, radiometric, lamberts equation, radioactive heating, thermal relaxation and greenhouse effect.

The End Semester Examination will be of 3 hour duration and will carry 70 marks. The Question paper will be divided into three parts A, B and C. Part A will have ten compulsory questions (multiple choice type) covering the whole syllabus (10 X 2 = 20). Part B will have five short answer questions, with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any four out of them (4 X 5 = 20). Part C will have five long answer questions with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any three out of them (3 X 10 = 30).

Unit 1: Introduction and Atmospheric Chemistry:
General description and basic facts; Regions of the Atmosphere, Atmospheric chemistry: Composition, Minor constituents, cycles of main elements, chemistry of sulphur, carbon, nitrogen compounds, photochemical pollution, aerosols.

Unit 2: Atmospheric Photo chemistry: Radiation, absorption of radiant energy in the atmosphere, solar radiation, Chapman profile, photochemistry of ionosphere, stratospheric ozone, ozone hole; Greenhouse effect and its consequences, effective temperature.

Unit-3: Atmospheric thermodynamics and Cloud Physics:
Atmospheric system, Application of first law of thermodynamics to air and clouds, main processes in the atmosphere, cooling, potential temperature, adiabatic expansion with condensation, vertical stability, convective instability.

Unit 4: Cloud physics and Atmospheric Electricity: Classification of clouds, growth of drops by condensation, growth by collision and coalescence, warm rain, ice formation, snow, hail and rain by ice process, ice precipitation. Electric field and space charge, Fundamental problem of atmospheric electricity, Thunderstorm electricity, Lightning.

Unit-5: Atmospheric Dynamics: Principle forces acting on a parcel of air, acceleration of air parcel, equation of motion, continuity equation, scales of motion, important features of large scale atmospheric motion, Large scale mid latitude circulation system, thermal circulation, global circulation pattern, mid latitude cyclones.

Course Outcome:
At the end of the course, students will be able to

1. Acquire knowledge on earth atmosphere governing by physical laws
2. Achieve basic inputs for the global circulation of atmosphere
3. Create a scope to identify new areas of research in the field of atmospheric science
REFERENCES:

1. C. Donald Ahrens, Essentials of Meteorology, Brooks/Cole Cengage Learning, USA, 2010
MPHYEC – 1D Biophysics (5 Credits)

Course Objectives:

1. The course is to understand the basic knowledge on biomolecular
2. Understand the various theoretical modeling techniques involved in biomolecular systems
3. Acquire the knowledge of Structure and function of Proteins, Carbohydrates & Nuclei acid.
4. To comprehend the concepts of Biochemistry and system biology.

The End Semester Examination will be of 3 hour duration and will carry 70 marks. The Question paper will be divided into three parts A, B and C. Part A will have ten compulsory questions (multiple choice type) covering the whole syllabus (10 X 2 = 20). Part B will have five short answer questions, with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any four out of them (4 X 5 = 20). Part C will have five long answer questions with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any three out of them (3 X 10 = 30).

Unit-1: Bioenergetics: Principles of Thermodynamics, redox potential and free energy change of the reactions, Biological energy transducers.

Unit-2: Physical techniques in protein, nucleic acids and polysaccharide structural analysis: UV-Vis spectroscopy, Infrared spectroscopy, Fluorescence spectroscopy, Atomic absorption spectroscopy, Raman spectroscopy, NMR, Mass spectroscopy, Circular dichorism spectroscopy, X Ray Diffraction technique, TEM and SEM .

Unit-3: Centrifugation: Principles, types, Differential and density gradient centrifugation and their applications; Chromatography: Principles, types (Paper, TLC, Affinity, Ion exchange, Gel filtration, GLC, HPLC) and their applications.

Unit-4: Electrophoresis: Principles and types [Polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (PAGE), SDS-PAGE, agarose gel electrophoresis, 2D electrophoresis and their applications.

Unit-5: Theoretical techniques and their application to Biomolecules: Hard sphere Approximation, Ramchandran plot, Potential energy surfaces, Outline of Molecular Mechanics Method, Brief ideas about semi-empirical and ab-initio quantum theoretical methods, molecular charge distribution, molecular electrostatic potential and field and their uses.

Course Outcome:
At the end of this course, students will be able to

1. Basic knowledge of Biomolecular of chemistry and functions.
2. Understand the basic idea about the Structure and Function of Nucleic Acids.
3. Impart the knowledge about the Function of Carbohydrates and Proteins.
4. Understand the applications of Biomolecules.

References:
Course Objectives:

On successful completion of this course, students will be able to

1. Describe and explain the principles involved in the interactions between light and matter, including the effects of anisotropy and non-linearity; comprehend the modification and control of optical properties of materials by externally imposed electric, magnetic and acoustic fields.

2. Recall and recount the optical properties of semiconductor light sources and detectors; expand the theory and applications of the confinement of light in waveguides and fibers.

The End Semester Examination will be of 3 hour duration and will carry 70 marks. The Question paper will be divided into three parts A, B and C. Part A will have ten compulsory questions (multiple choice type) covering the whole syllabus (10 X 2 = 20). Part B will have five short answer questions, with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any four out of them (4 X 5 = 20). Part C will have five long answer questions with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any three out of them (3 X 10 = 30).

Unit 1: Basic Principles: Laser rate equation for three level and four level systems, Dynamics of Laser Process: switching, Mode locking, mode pulling, lamb dip, hole burning, Energy levels and radiating properties of molecules, liquids and solids, Laser amplifier, Laser resonators, Techniques of laser excitation.


Unit 4: Optical Fiber Communication: Optical Fiber structure, Wave guiding and Fabrication of Fiber, Types of Fiber and solution of Maxwell’s equation inside Fiber. Signal degradation and attenuation in Optical Fibers.

Unit 5: Optical Fiber systems: Optical sources (ILD and PIN Diode) and Optical Detectors (APD); Analog and Digital optical fiber Transmission System (PDH, SDH and WDM Technology).

Course Outcome:

1. Knowledge of fundamental physics of photonics is developed to a high level

2. The course prepares students to be able to use sophisticated instrumentation intelligently, with a good understanding of its capabilities and limitations.

References:

Course Objectives:

1. To make the student familiarize with the basics of experimental physics.
2. To make the student familiarize with the basics of electronics.
3. To enable the student to explore the concepts involved in the oscillators.
4. To allow the student to understand the fundamentals of instruments involved

The End Semester Examination will be of 3 hour duration and will carry 70 marks. The Question paper will be divided into three parts A, B and C. Part A will have ten compulsory questions (multiple choice type) covering the whole syllabus (10 X 2 = 20). Part B will have five short answer questions, with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any four out of them (4 X 5 = 20). Part C will have five long answer questions with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any three out of them (3 X 10 = 30).

Unit 1: Basic Principles: Measuring Instruments: Accuracy, precision, sensitivity and resolution;
Scale, standards and calibration; Uncertainties of measurements and errors, propagation of errors, statistical treatment of random errors, Distribution functions their derivation and properties

Unit-2: Transducers: Temperature, pressure/vacuum, magnetic field, vibration, strain, displacement and force transducers: Principle, construction and working.

Unit-3: Signal conditioning and recovery: Signal level and Impedance matching, Operational amplifier modules for different signal conditioning: addition, subtraction, scaling, differentiation and integration; Log and antilog amplifiers, analog multiplier and applications, instrumentation amplifier; Signal to noise considerations, Filters, Phase Lock Loop, Lock-in amplifier.

Unit-4: Digital signal processing: A/D and D/A convertor, 7107 A/D convertor based DMM, Embedded systems: 8051 microcontroller (basic ideas only). Computer interfacing of science experiments

Unit 5: Computer interfacing of Science Experiments: Real time and Offline Data Processing, Data acquisition systems and Data Loggers: Principle and Design, Passive and Active Instrumentation with examples.

Course Outcome:

At the end of the course,

1. The student should have had knowledge on the different experimental techniques.
2. The student should have understood the basics of physics involved in experiments
3. The student should be able to apply the concepts of physics and do the interpretation and acquire the result.

References:

Course Objectives:

1. To encourage students to "discover" physics in a way how physicists learn by doing research.
2. To address analytically intractable problems in physics using computational tools.
3. To enhance the various computational technique with programming basic in C to face the world of problems using high performance iteration techniques.
4. To show how physics can be applied in a much broader context than discussed in traditional curriculum.

The End Semester Examination will be of 3 hour duration and will carry 70 marks. The Question paper will be divided into three parts A, B and C. Part A will have ten compulsory questions (multiple choice type) covering the whole syllabus with 2 from each unit (10 X 2 = 20). Part B will have five short answer questions, with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any four out of them (4 X 5 = 20). Part C will have five long answer questions with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any three out of them (3 X 10 = 30).

Unit-1: Introduction to C / C++ / Python / Java programming: Algorithms, structured programming, Constants and variables, arithmetic expressions, input and output statements, logical expressions and conditional statements, iteration, functions, Arrays, Strings, Pointers, I/O functions, Files.

Unit-2: Data interpretation and analysis: Precision and accuracy, error analysis, propagation of errors, least square fitting: linear, polynomial and nonlinear regression, goodness of fit and chi square test, Elementary probability theory, random variables, binomial, poisson and normal distributions.

Unit-3: Finite difference methods: Computer arithmetic, normalized floating point representation, its consequences and pitfalls; Methods of finding roots of equations: Bisection method, Newton-Raphson method, Successive Approximation method; Solution of simultaneous algebraic equations: Gauss Elimination method, Gauss-Siedel iterative method.


Course Outcome:

At the end of this course, students will be able to

1. Understand the basic idea about finding solutions using computational methods basics.
2. Learn how to interpret and analyze data visually, both during and after computation.
3. Gain an ability to apply physical principles to real-world problems.
4. Acquire a working knowledge of basic research methodologies, data analysis and interpretation.
5. Realize the impact of physics in the global/societal context.
References:

MPH YEC-1H Nano Science (5 Credits)

Course Objectives:
1. The course is to understand the basic knowledge on nanoscience and nanotechnology
2. Understand the various process techniques available of nanostructure materials.
3. Acquire the knowledge of various nano particles process methods
4. To enhance the various analytical technique to understand the nano properties and characteristics of nano materials.

The End Semester Examination will be of 3 hour duration and will carry 70 marks. The Question paper will be divided into three parts A, B and C. Part A will have ten compulsory questions (multiple choice type) covering the whole syllabus (10 X 2 = 20). Part B will have five short answer questions, with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any four out of them (4 X 5 = 20). Part C will have five long answer questions with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any three out of them (3 X 10 = 30).

Unit-1: Introduction and Basic Principles: Definition of Nanomaterials, Properties, Applications and Scope of Nano-science, Quantum size effect, Electron confinement in infinitely deep square well, confinement in one and two dimensional well, idea of quantum well structure, Quantum wells, quantum wires and Quantum Dots: Preparation and properties; Conduction electrons and dimensionality, Properties dependent on density of states. Carbon nanostructures: Fullerenes, structure, Superconductivity in C60, Carbon nanotubes: synthesis and structure, Electrical and Mechanical properties, Graphene.

Unit-2: Synthesis: Techniques for synthesis: Top down approach: Ball milling; Bottom up approach: Chemical methods of synthesis, RF Plasma and Pulsed Laser techniques, Biological methods: synthesis using microorganisms, and plant extracts.

Unit-3: Characterization Techniques: Characterization tools for nanomaterials: Thermal analysis: DTA, DSC, TGA, dilatometry; Electrical measurements: LCR meter, electrometer amplifier; Optical, UV-Visible spectroscopy, IR spectroscopy, Ellipsometry, Raman Photoluminescence and spectroscopy, Atomic absorption spectroscopy, Structural characterization: X-ray Diffractometer; Magnetic characterization: Vibrating sample magnetometer; TEM, SEM, STM, AFM.

Unit-4: Magnetic Nanomaterials: Magnetic nanoparticle, multiferroic and smart materials, Elementary idea of NEMS and nanotransistors


Course Outcome:
At the end of this course, students will be able to
1. Basic knowledge of Nanoscience and nanotechnology
2. Under the basic idea about the nano structure
3. Impart the knowledge about the properties and characteristics techniques of nano materials
4. Understand the applications of nanomaterials.

References:
3. Nanostructure materials, processing, properties and potential applications, 2nd Edition, Author by Carl C Koch, Published by William andrew publications, printed in 2007 US.
Course Objective:

1. To expose the students to theory related to motion of charge particle in inhomogeneous field, production of plasma and usage of plasma.

The End Semester Examination will be of 3 hour duration and will carry 70 marks. The Question paper will be divided into three parts A, B and C. Part A will have ten compulsory questions (multiple choice type) covering the whole syllabus (10 X 2 = 20). Part B will have five short answer questions, with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any four out of them (4 X 5 = 20). Part C will have five long answer questions with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any three out of them (3 X 10 = 30).

Unit 1: Basics (Single Particle Approach): Charged particles in uniform and non-uniform electromagnetic field, Plasma - the forth state of matter, Concept of electron and ion temperature, Debye Length, Cyclotron Frequency, Larmor radius, Drift velocity of guiding center, Magnetic moment Magnetic mirror systems and their relation to the plasma confinement, Adiabatic Invariants.

Unit 2: Magneto Hydro Dynamics (Fluid Approach): Introduction to ideal MHD systems, Fundamental equations of magneto hydrodynamic systems, Diffusion and mobility of charged particles in plasma, Plasma as fluid and MHD equations, Approximations and linearization of MHD from dimensional considerations, Single fluid MHD equation, MHD Generator.


Unit 4: Kinetic Theory: Need for kinetic theory and MHD as approximation of kinetic theory, Meaning of f(v), Phase space for many particle motion, Velocity and space distribution function, Derivation of fluid equation and Electron-ion plasma oscillation frequency, Derivation of Landau damping, Equations of Kinetic Theory and Vlasov equations for fluid dynamics.

Unit 5: Applications: Saha’s theory of thermal ionization, Application in Space Science, Controlled Thermonuclear Fusion, Magnetic reconnection, Dynamo action.

Course Outcomes:

Students will have understanding of:
1. Theoretical method to study the charge particle motion.
2. Process to generate plasma in the laboratory.
3. Mechanism plasma production is helpful to make fusion reactors.

References:

Course Objectives:

Structural analysis is the first step in the characterization of any material. The atomic structure of a material depends on the method of synthesis and on various parameters involved in the technique. This course will

1. Introduce the fundamental concepts of crystal structure
2. To understand the diffraction principle and use of X-rays
3. To understand the symmetry and space groups
4. To know about lattice representation and reciprocal lattices
5. To determine and analyse the crystal structure using x-ray diffraction

The End Semester Examination will be of 3 hour duration and will carry 70 marks. The Question paper will be divided into three parts A, B and C. Part A will have ten compulsory questions (multiple choice type) covering the whole syllabus (10 X 2 = 20). Part B will have five short answer questions, with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any four out of them (4 X 5 = 20). Part C will have five long answer questions with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any three out of them (3 X 10 = 30).

Unit 1: GEOMETRY OF CRYSTALS: Introduction, lattice, crystal systems, symmetry, primitive and non primitive cells, lattice directions and planes, unit cells of hcp and ccp structures, constructing crystals, some simple ionic and covalent structures.

Unit 2: CRYSTAL SYMMETRY: Bravais lattices, space groups and crystal structures, Symmetry of the fourteen Bravais lattices, coordination of Bravais lattice points, space filling polyhedral, thirty two crystal classes, centres and inversion axes of symmetry, crystal symmetry and properties, translation symmetry elements, Quasiperiodic crystals or crystalloids

Unit 3: LATTICE REPRESENTATIONS: Indexing lattice directions, lattice planes, miller indices, zones, zone axes, zone law, transforming miller indices and zone axes symbols, reciprocal lattice vectors, reciprocal lattice, unit cells, for cubic crystals, proofs of some geometric relationships using reciprocal lattice vectors, Addition rule, Weiss zone law, d spacing of lattice planes

Unit 4: X- RAYS DIFFRACTION: Diffraction, Bragg’s law, diffraction methods, scattering by electrons, atoms, unit cell, Introduction to X-rays, electromagnetic radiation, continuous spectrum, characteristic spectrum, absorption, filters, production of X-rays, detection of X-rays, safety precautions, Contributions of Laue, Bragg and Ewald to X-ray diffraction, Indexing of X-ray diffraction pattern

Unit 5: CRYSTAL DEFECTS: Representing crystals in projection, crystal planes, stacking faults and twins, stereographic projection, Point defects, line defects, planar faults, role of dislocations in Plastic deformation and crystal growth, colorcenters.
Course Outcomes:
Student would have understood
1. The structure of various crystals
2. Know the theoretical framework like symmetry and space groups
3. Know to characterize the crystal using X-ray diffraction experiments and
4. Also would be able analyze the collected experimental data

References:
MPHYEC-1K Energy Science (5 Credits)

Course Objectives:
This course will
1. Enable the students to appreciate the importance of solar energy and renewable energies.
2. Provide an understanding of essential components of renewable energy applications and limitations.

The End Semester Examination will be of 3 hour duration and will carry 70 marks. The Question paper will be divided into three parts A, B and C. Part A will have ten compulsory questions (multiple choice type) covering the whole syllabus (10 X 2 = 20). Part B will have five short answer questions, with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any four out of them (4 X 5 = 20). Part C will have five long answer questions with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any three out of them (3 X 10 = 30).

Unit 1: Solar Energy: Fundamental and Material Aspects:

Unit 2: Solar Energy: Different Types of Solar Cells:

Unit 3: Hydrogen Energy: Fundamentals, Production and Storage:

Unit 4: Hydrogen Energy: Safety and Utilization:
Various factors relevant to safety, use of Hydrogen as Fuel, Use in Vehicular transport, Hydrogen for Electricity Generation, Fuel Cells, Various type of Fuel Cells, Applications of Fuel Cell, Elementary concepts of other Hydrogen Based devices such as Hydride Batteries.

Unit 5: Other Renewable Clean Energies:

Course Outcome:
The students will be able to
1. Understand the importance of solar energy and renewable energies.
2. Understand essential components of renewable energy applications and limitations.
3. Design renewable energy systems as requirements.
4. Contribute towards reduction of our dependence on conventional energy sources.

References:
4. S.P. Sukhatme, Solar Energy, TMH.
MPHYEC-1L  Environmental Physics (5 Credits)

Course Objectives:
This course will
1. Enable the students to learn the concepts of sustainable development and coexistence with nature.
2. Enable the students to gain abilities to reduce environmental pollution.
3. Enable the students to understand the source of solar and terrestrial radiation.
4. Enable the students realize the hazards associated with depleting Ozone layer, and the factors responsible for the depletion of Ozone layer.
5. Enable the students to understand the importance of trees.
6. Enable the students to realize the importance of renewable energy sources like solar, wind and biogas.

The End Semester Examination will be of 3 hour duration and will carry 70 marks. The Question paper will be divided into three parts A, B and C. Part A will have ten compulsory questions (multiple choice type) covering the whole syllabus (10 X 2 = 20). Part B will have five short answer questions, with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any four out of them (4 X 5 = 20). Part C will have five long answer questions with one question from each unit. The student is required to answer any three out of them (3 X 10 = 30).

Unit 1: Essentials of Environmental Physics: Structure and thermodynamics of the atmosphere, Composition of air, Greenhouse effect, Transport of matter, energy and momentum in nature, Stratification and stability of atmosphere, Laws of motion, hydrostatic equilibrium, General circulation of the tropics. Elements of weather and climate of India.


Unit 3: Environmental pollution and degradation: Elementary fluid dynamics, Diffusion, Turbulence and turbulent diffusion, Factors governing air, water and noise pollution. Air and water quality standards. Waste disposal, Heat island effect, Land and see breeze, Puffs and plumes, Gaseous and particulate matters, Wet and dry deposition.


Unit 5: Global and Regional Climate: Elements of weather and climate, Stability and vertical motion of air, Horizontal motion of air and water, Pressure gradient forces. Viscous forces, Inertia forces, Reynolds number, Enhanced Greenhouse effect, Energy balance- a zero-dimensional Greenhouse model.
Course Outcome:
The students will be able to

1. Understand the importance of basics of environmental processes.
2. Get opportunities of working metrological stations and even establish metrological stations in remote places for better future.
3. Develop his/her understanding of global and regional climate change.

References:

1. Egbert Boeker and Rienk Van Groundelle, Environmental Physics John Wiley